

# LIONHUB GROUP LIMITED

("the Company")

## RISK MANAGEMENT and INTERNAL CONTROL POLICY

### Overview

The Company's Board recognises the importance of identifying and controlling risks to ensure that they do not have a negative impact on the Company. Procedures have been established at the Board and executive management levels which are designed to safeguard the assets and interests of the Company, and to ensure the integrity of reporting.

### Benefits of Risk Management and Internal Control Procedures

Some of the benefits identified in establishing and maintaining risk management procedures are as follows:

- more effective strategic planning;
- better cost control;
- enhancing shareholder value by minimising losses and maximising opportunities;
- increased knowledge and understanding of exposure to risk;
- a systematic, well-informed and thorough method of decision making;
- increased preparedness for outside review;
- minimised disruptions;
- better utilisation of resources;
- strengthening culture for continued improvement; and
- creating a best practice and quality organisation

### Internal Control Policy

- The Board is ultimately responsible for the internal control framework and risk management of the Company and for regularly reviewing its effectiveness;
- The principle aim of the system of internal control is the management of business risks, with a view to enhancing the value of shareholders' investments and safeguarding assets. Although no system of internal control can provide absolute assurance that the business risks will be fully mitigated, the internal control systems have been designed to meet the Company's specific needs and the risks to which it is exposed;

- Annually, the Board are responsible for identifying the risks facing the Company, assessing the risks and ensuring that there are controls for these risks, which are to be designed to ensure that any identified risk is reduced to an acceptable level. (Refer below in relation to the role of the Audit and Risk Management Committee in undertaking this task);
- The Board will review and discuss strategic risks and opportunities arising from changes in the Company's business environment regularly and on an as needs basis;
- The Board may delegate some of the abovementioned responsibility to Committees of the Board but maintain the overall responsibility for the process; and
- The following Committees have been established to assist the Board in internal control and business risk management:

Audit and Risk Management Committee; and

Remuneration and Nomination Committee

### **Audit and Risk Management Committee**

The Board has established an Audit and Risk Management Committee which operates under a charter approved by the Board.

It is the Board's responsibility to ensure that an effective internal control framework exists within the entity. This includes internal controls to deal with both the effectiveness and efficiency of significant business processes. This also includes the safeguarding of assets, the maintenance of proper accounting records, and the reliability of financial information as well as non-financial considerations. The Board has delegated this responsibility for the establishment of a framework of internal control and ethical standards for the management of the consolidated entity to the audit and risk management committee. The committee also provides the Board with additional assurance regarding the reliability of the financial information for the inclusion in the financial reports.

### **Remuneration and Nomination Committee**

The Board has established a Remuneration and Nomination Committee, which operates under a charter approved by the Board.

This Committee is responsible for determining and reviewing the compensation arrangements for the Directors, the Managing Director, the executive committee and employees. Further, they are responsible for assisting the Board in appointing and terminating (if necessary) members of the Board.

During the year the Board will be responsible for reviewing the effectiveness of the Company's system of internal control for the financial year. This review will include financial, operational, compliance and risk controls.

For any control which is not operating effectively, the Board is responsible for ensuring that the control issue is corrected and that the risk has a mitigating control which will reduce any risk to an acceptable level.

Each financial year, the Chief Financial Officer or equivalent is required to provide formal representations to the Board confirming that the Company's financial report is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance and control which implements the policies adopted by the Board; and that the company's risk management and internal compliance and control system is operating efficiently and effectively in all material respects.

Every employee has a responsibility for ensuring that any known breach of an internal control is reported to the appropriate level such that it can be dealt with accordingly. Further, every employee is encouraged to identify and report to their manager any potential business risk.

The manager is then responsible for ensuring that the business risk is mitigated by establishing appropriate controls and monitoring the effectiveness of controls. Any significant control defects should be reported to the Board level and this often achieved through the reporting of defects first to the audit committee.

**Revised :**

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